松戸市避難所開設・運営マニュアル

Evacuation Center Management Guide

- For Community Disaster Prevention through Self-help and Mutual Help -

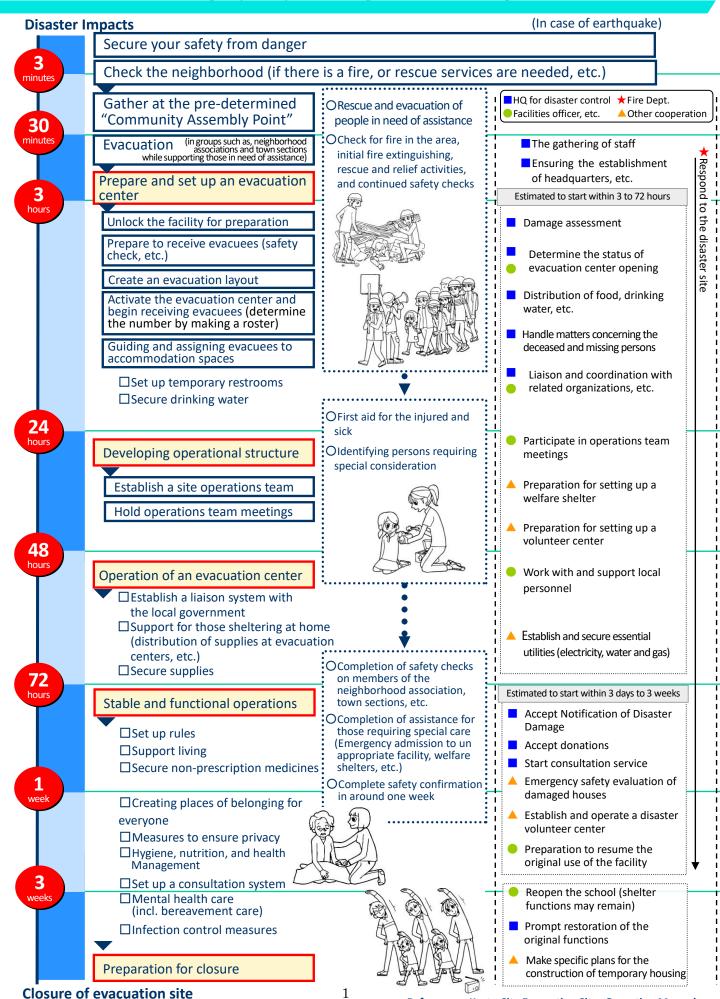
February 2024

Matsudo City, General Affairs Dept., Crisis Management Division

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**Reference : Kyoto City, 2012. "Kyoto City Evacuation Sites Operation Manual"	

1. Setting up, Operating, and Closing Shelters



Reference: Kyoto City Evacuation Sites Operation Manual

2. Establishment Process

1 Facility Safety Inspection

※ In principle, the safety of the facility will be inspected by the city staff in charge of evacuation centers and the facility manager.

1 Check the area around the building and the building as a whole

If any of the items on the checklist apply, leave the building and report to the Disaster Control Headquarters immediately.

(2) Check inside the building

If there are fallen ceilings, collapsed floors, or large cracks in the walls, report the same as check (1) above.

	$oldsymbol{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{ ext$	le				
	e there any cracks in the ground around the building, or are nearby buildings in nger of collapsing?	Yes	No			
□ На	ve any parts of the building been deformed by collapse or crushing?	Yes	No			
☐ Is t	the building tilting or sinking?	Yes	No			
☐ Are	☐ Are there any major cracks or breaks in the walls or columns? Yes No					
☐ Are	☐ Are there any steel frames that are broken or deformed? Yes No					
☐ Are	e there multiple entrance/exit doors that cannot be opened or closed?	Yes	No			
☐ Is t	there flooding around the building or on the premises of the building?	Yes	No			
	Check inside the building					
Ceilin	☐ Is there any damage to the ceiling that has fallen or is in danger of falling?	Yes	No			
g area	☐ Is there any damage to the light fixtures that has fallen or is in danger of falling?	Yes	No			
	☐ Is there any damage to the ceiling-mounted basketball hoops that has fallen or is in danger of falling?	Yes	No			
	☐ Is there any damage to the window panes or window frames that have fallen or are in danger of falling?	Yes	No			
Floor	☐ Are there any caved-in or collapsed parts of the floor?	Yes	No			
	☐ Is there any shattered window glass?	Yes	No			
	☐ Is there any flooding on the building site?	Yes	No			
Wall	☐ Are there any major damages or cracks in the walls?	Yes	No			
	☐ Is there any part of the wall that is peeling off?	Yes	No			
	☐ Are there any interior fixtures that are knocked over or are in danger of falling?	Yes	No			

XReport to the Matsudo City Disaster Control Headquarters

The on-site city staff and/or the facility manager will report the result of the inspection to the Disaster Control Headquarters. If there is no major damage to the building, the evacuees will proceed to work together to develop the layout of the evacuation center.

Site Establishment ∼for schools∼

2 Site preparation and layout of the gymnasium floor

- *City staff will communicate with the city task force via MCA radio as necessary to coordinate the status of facilities and the number of evacuees to be accepted. In the meantime, the layout of the evacuation center will be prepared with the cooperation of the evacuees.
- (1) Create a pathway -> To prevent infectious diseases, ban the use of outdoor shoes and use slippers or indoor shoes and move through designated routes.
- (2) Set up a reception and central office > Place evacuee registration cards, health check sheets, writing utensils, and information signs at the reception desk. In addition, have thermometers, masks, face shields, etc. ready.
- (3) Take measures against infectious diseases → Place hand sanitizers at the entrance and exit of evacuation center and accommodation space. Check locations for regular ventilation and check for common areas and items that need to be sanitized (handrails, doorknobs, toilets, etc.).
- Zoning for sections

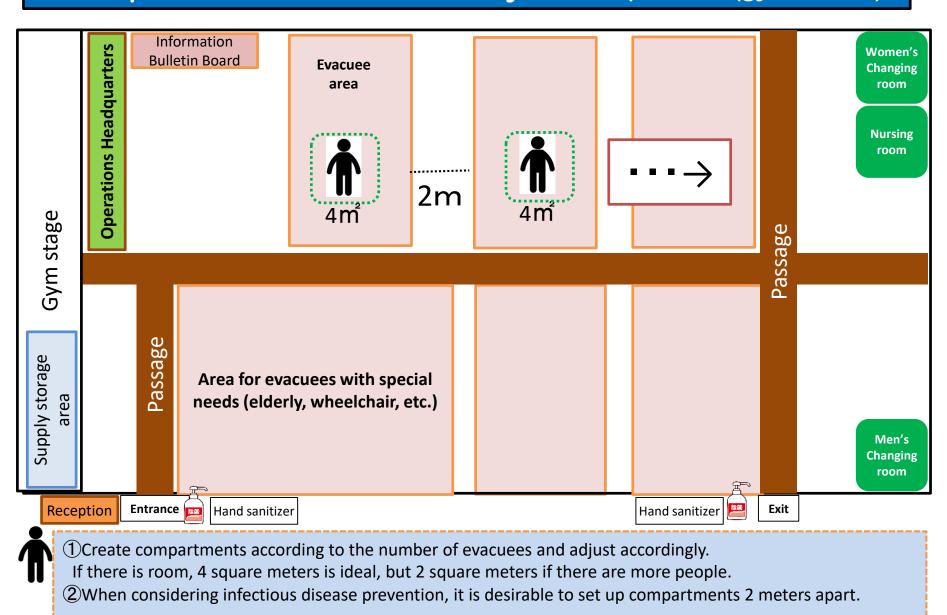
 → Partitioned rooms (with temporary beds), modular tents set up (as changing rooms/nursing rooms), areas for evacuees in need of assistance, evacuees' accommodation area, etc.

 Install information bulletin boards, placing of equipment such as generators, floodlights, etc.
- *The city has stockpiled shelter set-up kits, partitions, tents, etc. at evacuation centers. These are stocked in vacant classrooms, gymnasiums, and emergency supply warehouses, and will be moved and deployed after being checked by city staff and facility managers.

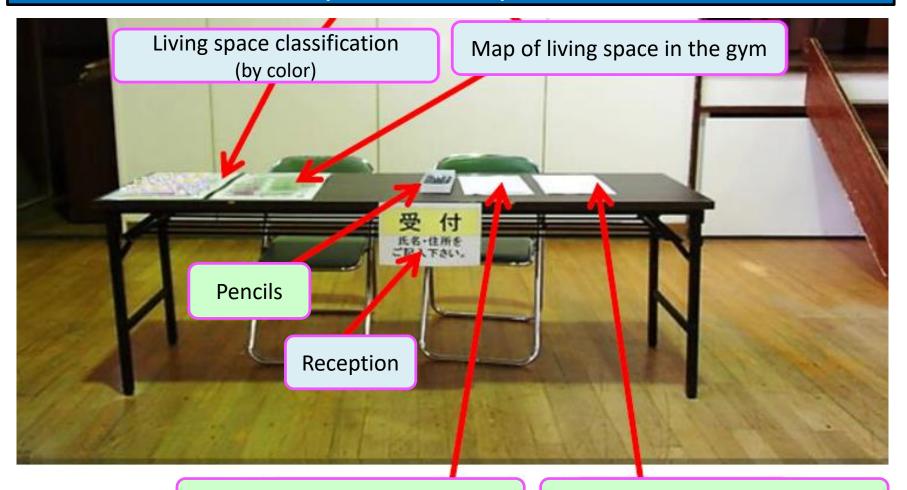


Example of evacuation center layout – with partitions (gymnasium) **Doorway** Information Tent room for **Operations Headquarters** Women's **Bulletin Board Evacuee** Changing **Partitioned** evacuees with poor area room rooms health **Nursing** (Key points for layout development) room Partitions to 1)Set up reception and headquarters, lay safety mat for pedestrian walkways prevent ②Set up tents and partitions according to the number of evacuees (2 meters spread of apart if space is available) Diaper infection 3 Temporary beds for partitioned rooms **Gym** stage changing (4)Install information bulletin board and disinfectant room assage **Partitioned Partitioned** Evacuee rooms rooms ge area Supply storage Passa Area for evacuees with special **Partitioned** area needs (elderly, wheelchair, etc.) rooms Men's **Changing** room Hand sanitizer Exit Reception Entrance man Hand sanitizer [Checkpoints at the reception desk] Items required at the reception desk: ①Use the Health Check Sheet to check for physical conditions 1) Evacuee Registration Card, writing tools (2) Check to see if special consideration is required (2)Thermometers 3 Distribute Evacuee Registration Card and ask evacuees to fill (3)Infection prevention supplies (Face shields, it out. Direct them to the evacuee area surgical masks, disinfectant, etc.) X Distribute masks to those who do not have them

Example of evacuation center layout - no partition (gymnasium)



Example of reception desk



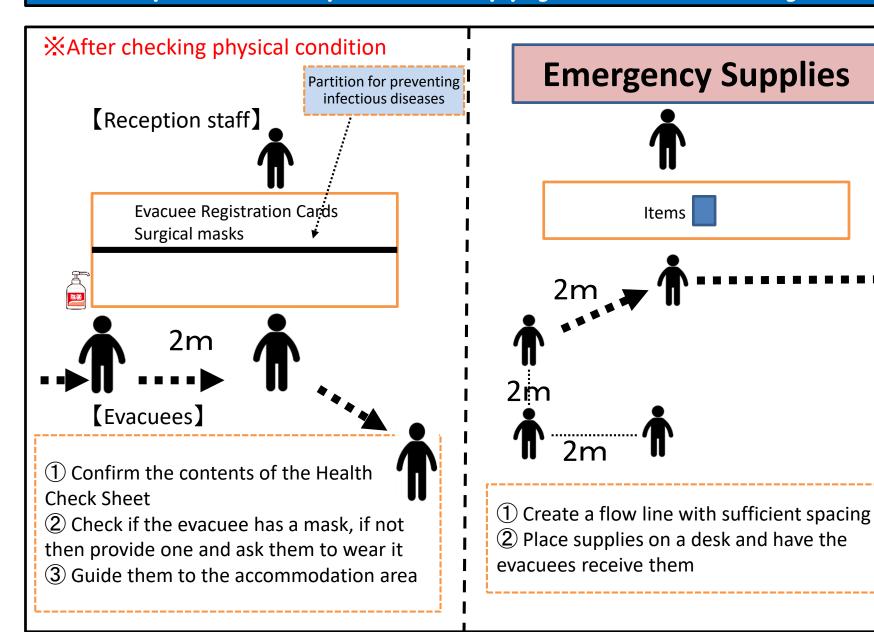
Evacuation center evacuees roster

Evacuee Registration Card

Whenever possible, set up a reception desk outside, while considering the prevention of infectious diseases.

※ It would be better to have disinfectant solution for writing utensils, and used and cleaned utensils separated by a tray of some kind.

Example of reception & supply distribution layouts



3 Layout of the schoolyard

(1) Secure a space for checking evacuees' physical conditions

A space shall be reserved near the entrance of the facility where evacuees can be checked for fever, cough, and other physical conditions and fill out the Health Check Sheet accordingly. (Page 25 of this guide)

XHave evacuees form a line of 1 to 2 meters apart from each other. ★

(2) Ensure a leading line

Guide evacuees according to their physical condition. General evacuees with no symptoms will be guided to the accommodation area in the gymnasium, those with fever or cough will be led to the area set up in the building or tents designated for evacuees in poor physical condition, infected with disease, or in close contact with infected persons, and they should be directed in separate routes.

※For those infected with or in close contact with the COVID-19, they will be directed to a dedicated space.

(3) Install restrooms

As a general rule, men's and women's restrooms should be separate, and all-gender restrooms should also be available for use by everyone. The location of temporary bathrooms and manhole emergency toilets should be carefully chosen so that they can be used safely day and night, and safety measures such as the installation of security lights and buzzers should be considered.

*The restrooms specifically for the use of the COVID-19 patients and persons in close contact with them shall be set up separately.

(4) Conducting vehicles

When emergency vehicles carrying supplies, etc. enter the site, ask evacuees to move and check their safety as you direct them to the storage area.

*There is no end to the things you can think about, such as where to put garbage, where vehicles can turn around, and whether there should be separate laundry drying areas for men and women. Create a general layout and move on, and decide the details later on!

(4) Use of school buildings

Concept of areas to be opened as shelter

First open the gymnasium and then open the school building depending on the situation

*The opening of school buildings and other facilities will be determined in consultation with city staff and facility managers as appropriate.

(1) The first usable area will be the gymnasium

If the gymnasium alone cannot accommodate all the evacuees, open the science room, classrooms, and other available areas.

In the meantime, start considering the establishment of a welfare shelter for people with special needs within the school building.

(2) Rooms that are not open to evacuees are off limits

1 Principal's office 2 Teachers' room 3 School office 4 Broadcasting room

(3) When there is an evacuee suspected of having COVID-19 or other infectious disease

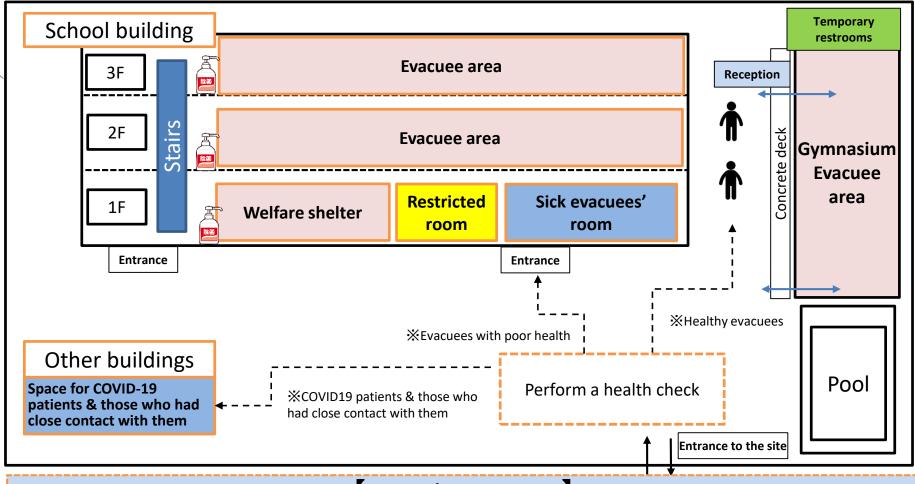
Consider the need to establish and use separate rooms in the school building or other building on the premises, and take measures to avoid having them mixed up with the general evacuees.

(4) Infection control measures

Install disinfectant solutions and post signs in restricted areas, etc. as needed. Disinfect common areas and parts (doorknobs, handrails, toilets, etc.) and provide regular ventilation.

Example of evacuation center layout

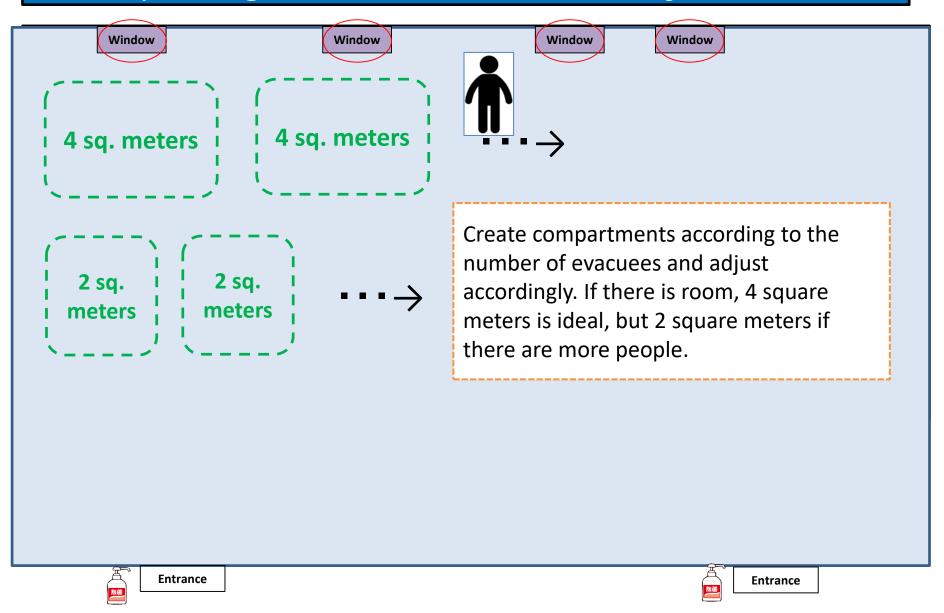
(school building & schoolyard)



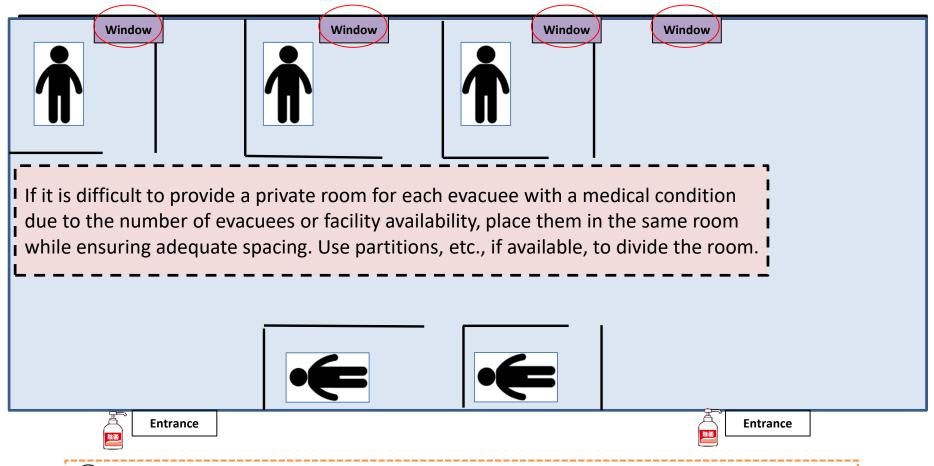
[Accepting evacuees]

- 1 Have evacuees check their physical condition near the entrance of the facility and fill out the Health Check Sheet
- 2 If there are no health problems, they will be directed to the reception area outside of the gym
- ③ Those who are not in good physical condition or who are infected with or exposed to COVID-19 will be directed to a separate room in the school building or another building on the premises
- 4 Assign evacuees to appropriate areas according to the situation (be aware of rooms that are off limits)

Example of general evacuees' room layout (classroom)



Example of sick evacuees' room layout



- ①First, ventilate the room by opening the window (if possible)
- 2 Secure sufficient space and create sectioned areas
- 3Place partitions *Partitions taller than the mouth height are more effective in preventing airborne/droplet infections

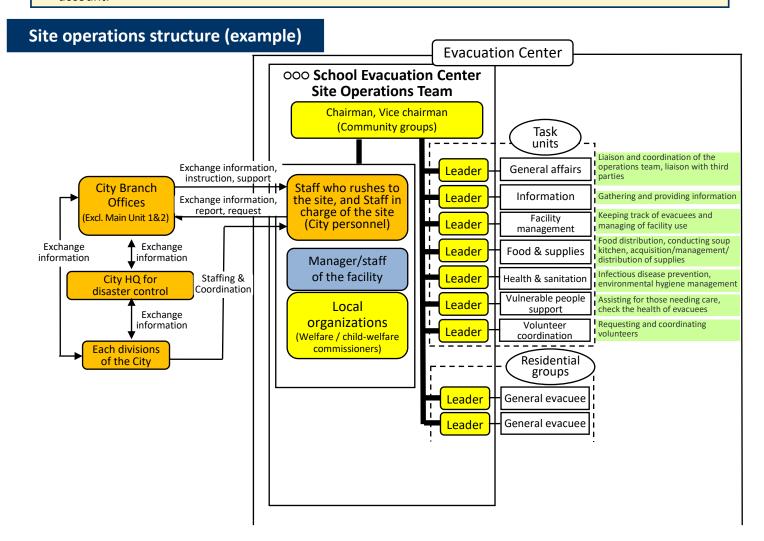
5 Before accepting evacuees, divide roles between the site establishment group and the site management group

Assigning roles: Once the layout of the gymnasium and schoolyard has been established, identify how many people are available to run the shelter and determine the responsibilities of each person.

XLet's determine everyone's roles as much as possible throughout the management process.

Establish a site operations team, appoint a chairperson, vice chairpersons, and group readers, and have the committee consist of city staff in charge of the shelter, facility managers and school teachers, and community members.

- O In order for the members of the site operations team to begin operations promptly, community groups will use their organizational skills to carry out various activities as the core of the site operations team.
- O Some women should be included in the site operations team, so that the needs of women can be taken into account.



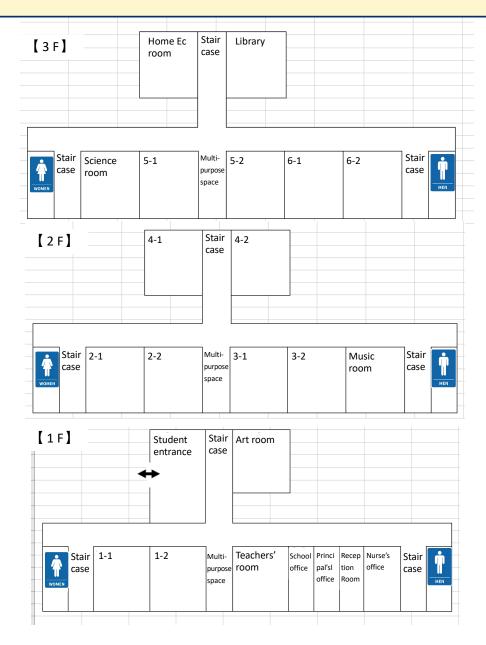
※ If the evacuation center operations team is already established

If an evacuation center operations committee has already been formed at regular times, the members should act according to the established roles. If there are not enough people to run the shelter because of a disaster, it may be necessary to ask for cooperation from the evacuees and work together as a team to deal with the situation. One approach is to use the evacuee reception phase as a chance to ask evacuees if they are able to provide cooperation.

6 Accepting evacuees

If the gymnasium, schoolyard, etc. is ready to receive evacuees and the City Headquarter for Disaster Control instructs the shelter to open, evacuees shall be accepted in the following order.

- (1) Check for physical condition at the entrance of the facility.
 - ※ Keep the evacuees in line, making sure that they remain 1 to 2 meters apart.
- (2) Have their body temperature measured and fill in the Health Check Sheet (see page 25).
- (3) In general, evacuees register and proceed to the gymnasium, but those in poor health or other conditions must be directed to appropriate areas, such as the area for the sick or those in close contact with infectious diseases.
- (4) Evacuees who must evacuate to spaces other than the general shelter area, will receive and complete the Evacuee Registration Card in their respective area.
- (5) At the reception desk of the gymnasium, evacuees fill out the Evacuee Registration Card and be directed to the appropriate space, and the location where they were assigned will be recorded. Health Check Sheet will be distributed so that the evacuees can periodically check their physical condition.
 - * After counting the Evacuee Registration Cards, a list of evacuees will be prepared. The list is then be submitted to the city branch office or the city disaster control headquarters.



Example of use of school facilities

(make changes depending on the characteristics of each school, school building and schoolyard)

Nº	Purpose of Use	School Facility	Detail
1	Headquarter	Reception room	Staff room for the head of neighborhood associations, principal, and the city staff who rush directly to the evacuation center
2	Waiting room for staff	Teachers' office	Break room and lodging in case evacuation is prolonged
3	Waiting room for volunteers	Music room	
4	Evacuee shelter	Classrooms on 2F, 3F	Divide with use of gymnasium depending on the number of evacuees
5	First-aid station	Nurse's office	Provide first-aid treatment
6	Relief supply storage	Equipment room, supply warehouse	Matsudo City disaster control, supplies and equipment storage area
7	Information equipment installation	School office 【school staff only】	Install MCA radio, telephone, fax, copy machine, and computers Waiting room for the staff who rush directly to the evacuation center
8	Posting information	Gymnasium	Display the names of evacuees, post information necessary for shelter operations, and disaster information
9	Garbage collection site	Waste dump	
10	Temporary bathroom	Back of gymnasium	Temporary bathroom, manhole emergency toilet Men's and women's separated, install them in safe locations
11	collection point	Students' entrance hall	Location that is easy for incoming vehicles to enter and manage supplies
12	distribution point	Students' entrance hall	
13	Temporary morgue	Room away from evacuees' living area	Room that allows for privacy protection
14	Temporary telephone installation	Staff entrance	Use public telephone
15	Bathroom	Back of gymnasium	
16	Changing room	Gym locker rooms	Separate men and women, also consider using modular tents
17	Laundry area	Back of gymnasium	Students' entrance may also be appropriate
18	Drying area	Schoolyard, etc.	Areas with good sunlight Separate drying areas for men and women for underwear, etc.
19	Pets	Covered area	Location away from evacuees accommodation space
20	Welfare shelter	Ground floor classroom, etc.	A place that can be well ventilated, sunlit, and quiet for frail and/or elderly evacuees
21	Room for infectious disease	Ground floor classroom, etc.	Room where people with symptoms such as fever and cough, or people infected with the COVID-19, etc. can receive medical treatment. A place that can be well ventilated, sunlit, quiet, and the traffic of people is separated from that of general evacuees.
22	Counseling room	Arts and crafts room	Space to provide counseling and useful information to disaster victims for their immediate livelihood and reconstruction of their lives. It is desirable to secure female counselors.
23	Cooking room	Home economics room	Used for soup kitchen preparation, close to the location where supplies are brought in
24	Water station	Water tank	If the water is in short supply, bring it in with a water truck
25	Nursing & diaper changing room	Classroom, etc.	Tents can be substituted. Also consider possible need for an adult diaper changing area.
26	Emergency vehicle parking lot	In front of the staff entrance	
27	Smoking area	North of gymnasium	No smoking in accommodation area and school buildings

Site Establishment refor civic centers & other facilities

7 Layout in the facility

*City staff will communicate with the city task force via MCA radio as necessary to coordinate the status of facilities and the number of evacuees to be accepted. In the meantime, the layout of the evacuation center will be prepared with the cooperation of the evacuees.

(1) Establish a place for evacuees to check their physical condition

Have them take their temperature at the facility entrance and fill in the Health Check Sheet (see page 25). ** Keep the evacuees in line, making sure that they remain 1 to 2 meters apart.

(2) Set up a reception and central office

Place evacuee registration cards, health check sheets, writing utensils, and information signs at the reception desk. In addition, have thermometers, masks, face shields, etc. and an information bulletin board ready.

(3) Zoning and create pathways

Guide evacuees according to their physical condition. Those with fever or cough will be led to the area set up in the building or tents designated for evacuees in poor physical condition, infected with disease, or in close contact with infected persons, and they should be directed in a separate route from that used by the general evacuees

※ For those infected with or in close contact with the COVID-19, they will be directed to a dedicated space.

(4) Install restrooms

Designate separate restrooms for sick people with symptoms such as fever and cough, people infected with or in close contact with COVID-19, and for general evacuees.

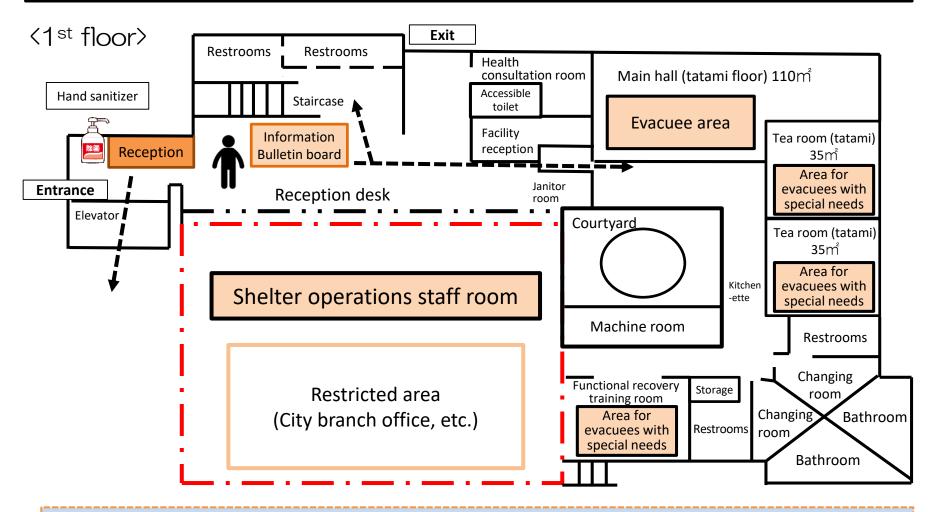
(5) Take measures against infectious diseases

Place hand sanitizers at the entrance and exit of evacuation center and accommodation space. Check locations for regular ventilation and common areas and items that need to be sanitized (handrails, doorknobs, toilets, etc.).

*****Assign roles with those who will operate the evacuation center before accepting evacuees

- **Refer to page 13, "Site Establishment at Schools"

Example of evacuation center layout (civic centers, etc.)



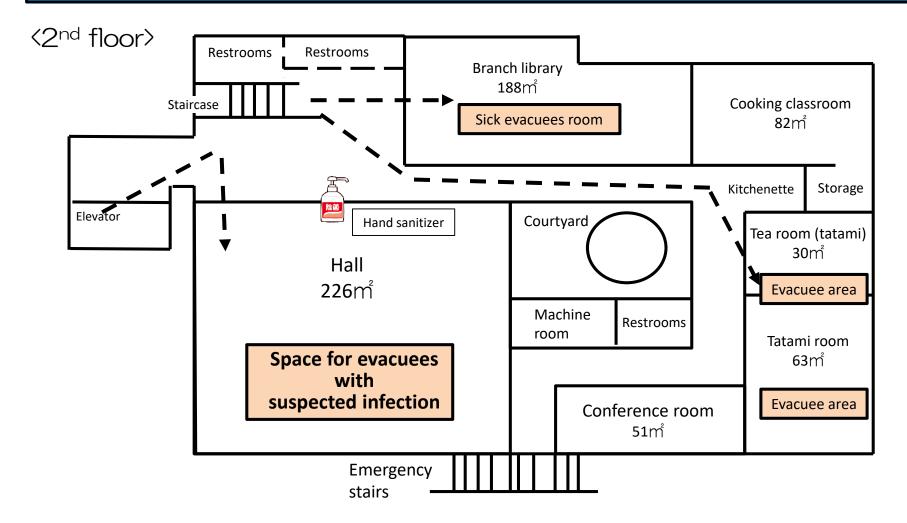
[Checkpoints at the reception desk]

- 1)Use the Health Check Sheet to check for physical conditions
- ②If evacuees require special consideration (elderly, disabled, etc.), guide them to the designated area.

Those who are not in good physical condition or who are infected with or exposed to COVID19 will be directed to a separate room.

- ③Distribute Evacuee Registration Card and ask evacuees to fill it out. Direct them to the evacuee area
- XDistribute masks to those who do not have them

Example of evacuation center layout 2 (civic centers, etc.)



*COVID-19 patients and those who have been in close contact with them, as well as general evacuees, should be directed to a room in a manner which their paths do not overlap or cross.

8 Accepting evacuees

If the evacuation center is ready to receive evacuees and the City Headquarter for Disaster Control instructs the shelter to open, evacuees shall be accepted in the following order.

- (1) Check for physical condition of evacuees at the entrance of the facility.
 - ★ Keep the evacuees in line, making sure that they remain 1 to 2 meters apart.
- (2) Have their body temperatures taken and fill in the Health Check Sheet (see page 25).
- (3) In general, evacuees register at the facility entrance, but those in poor health or other conditions must be directed to appropriate areas, such as the area for the sick or those in close contact with infectious diseases.
- (4) At the reception desk, evacuees fill out the Evacuee Registration Card and be directed to the appropriate space, and the location where they were assigned will be recorded. Health Check Sheet will be distributed so that the evacuees can periodically check their physical condition.
- * After counting the Evacuee Registration Cards, a list of evacuees will be prepared. The list is then submitted to the city branch office or the city disaster control headquarters.

9 What to expect during shelter operations – Handling of various issues

[Health issues] In the case where a person becomes ill or is suspected of having an infectious disease,

you must share that info as soon as possible and consider contacting the city task force, and also consider transporting the person to a disaster base hospital, disaster cooperation hospital, or school first aid station.

Persons requiring special consideration, such as, pregnant/nursing mothers, wheelchair users, people with mental/physical disabilities, etc., will be guided to the space for persons with special needs within the evacuation center, or to the welfare shelter, as appropriate.

In the event of a change in the symptoms of a person who has been in close contact with an infectious disease patient or a person receiving treatment at home, information should be shared with the city task force as soon as possible.

(Supply issues) Having a need for supplies, lack of water, food, blankets, lights, etc.

In times of emergency, the shelter will make maximum use of supplies brought by evacuees and those stockpiled by the City. City staff assigned to the evacuation center will assess the needs of the center, and contact and coordinate with the City's task force to ensure that supplies are provided as needed.

In addition, push-type relief support from the national and prefectural governments will be delivered to the evacuation centers accordingly.

*Requests for supplies should be made by sending a "Demand Questionnaire for Relief Supplies" form (page 28) to the City task force. Confirm what is needed with city staff and submit the request.

[Miscellaneous issues] Pets, restrooms, crime prevention, operational rules, etc.

Various problems may arise in evacuation centers. Please share the problems with each other and work together to solve them.

★Refer to the basic policy on the next page and onwards to make rules and inform the evacuees

3. Basic policy on the establishment and operation of shelters

Policy

Shelters are opened and operated by the self-governance of the local citizens.

First, head to the "Community Assembly Point"! Evacuate in groups such as neighborhood associations, etc.

If your home is safe, you may choose to take shelter at home.

Given the risk of infection, consider evacuating to your home or to a friend's or relative's home.

- At the "Community Assembly Point," confirm the safety of community members, perform initial firefighting, and conduct rescue and relief operations.

Help each other in the community

• Past examples of disasters have shown that prompt actions by local residents are important immediately after a disaster strikes. It is difficult for the government to reach the area immediately after a disaster due to the damage to city employees, the impairment to administrative functions, and the implementation of lifesaving measures and other emergency measures.

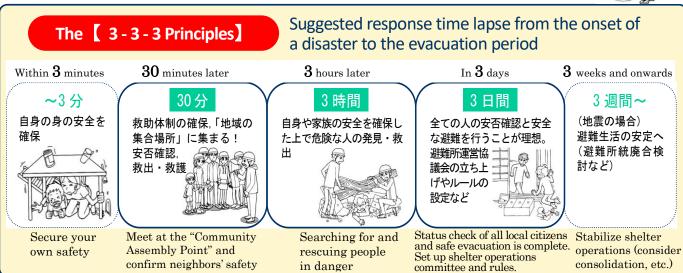
Policy **2**

A shelter is a place where disaster victims live. Think of it as a place to promote self-reliance and supporting community.

Evacuation centers should be operated in anticipation of an extended period of time

- Past examples of disasters have shown that living in evacuation centers can be prolonged to several months.
- Shelter operations should lead to the recovery and further revitalization of the local community!





■ Things to be noted in the operation of a shelter

* In an evacuation center, where an unspecified number of people are evacuating and living in a chaotic situation, it is necessary to be creative and be considerate of each other.

Threefold Shelter Management

Hygiene Management

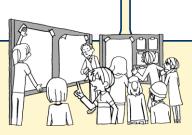
- * Separate the food preparation area from the hand-washing area
- * Hands must be washed and disinfected when serving food
- * Have the surgical masks prepared
- * Separate leftover food from garbage, and put a lid on the buckets of leftovers
- * Make sure everyone washes their hands and gargles

Nutrition Management

- * Distribute healthy meals (low salt and lots of vegetables)
- * Work together to run a soup kitchen
- * Set a time to eat together
- * Be aware of allergies (e.g. label ingredients, display the packaging bag of food)

Health Management

- * Practice some physical exercises, even if only for 5 minutes a day
- * Create rules for personal health management (oral hygiene, smoking, alcohol consumption, etc.)
- * In principle, prohibit drinking alcohol





Other considerations

For efficient, trouble-free shelter operation;

- * Make information as "visible" as possible
- * Deal with pet situation
- * Share information, distribute food and supplies to those sheltering at home
- * Establish a daily schedule and rules for living (e.g. wake-up and lights-out times, morning assembly, health exercises, cleaning and food preparation duties with evacuee participation, etc.)
- * Each evacuee should check their temperature and physical condition daily, and fill out the Health Check Sheet
- * Address the needs and requests of people from diverse backgrounds
- * Be attentive to the needs and requests of people from diverse backgrounds
- * Work together effectively, ensuring that the roles and responsibilities in the shelter are evenly distributed among everyone, so that no one is overburdened with tasks.
- * Keep an eye on the environment and carry out patrols, etc. to prevent crime, violence, and harassment.
- * Support tourists and other people who have difficulty returning home.
- * Maintain a hygienic environment (e.g. installing disinfectant stands, wearing masks where possible)
- * Separate waste from the general evacuation area from waste from the other designated areas for disposal
- * Shelter operations personnel should be assigned to each area, and are not allowed to enter areas other than the one they are assigned.

Making the shelters welcoming for everyone, with special attention to those in need;

- * Ideas for restroom rules: Give priority to the elderly and people with disabilities to use sitting toilets
- * Ensure that people can spend their time in a comfortable position
- Look after the elderly and others who need assistance while maintaining their privacy. Be sure to consider the caregivers as well.
 Secure a space for children to spend time
- * Make sure that information gets through to the foreign evacuees
- * Setup an enclosed space for nursing and diaper changing (for adults as well)

With these points in mind, create a manual in the community and continue to update it as drills are performed so that when disaster really strikes, everyone in the community will actually be able to help each other



Evacuation drill

Supplemental Materials

Evacuee Registration Card (Matsudo City)

	避難者だ	ı ー ド	(松戸市)	- 英語							
Evacuation			Arrival					aving			
center			date				(date			
Name			Address								
Name of neighborhood association			TEL/ Email	Home Mobile	(e ()		
Evacuation			,	Email	(. ,	0.1)		
type	Evacuation	center		-		Home /	Othei	(,)
Damage	None / water disco	Total lo nnecti	-	alf loss ver outa	•	tial loss as outage		ove or be ephone o		r floodir	ıg,
[Family Mem	bers】※Please ma	ark with o	for applicable	items. Use	an additi	onal sheet if y	ou have n	nore family m	nembers.		
	(Hiragana / katakana) N a m e	Age	Sex	Illness	Injury	Pregnant	Baby	Disability	Needing nursing care		Allergy
Head of the			М								
household			F	Food s	supply uest	→ Yes	() / No	0
			М								
			F	Food s requ	supply uest	→ Yes	() / No	0
			М								
Family, housemates,			F	Food s requ	supply uest	→ Yes	() / No	0
pets			М								
			F	Food s requ	supply uest	→ Yes	() / N	0
			М								
			F	Food s requ		→ Yes	() / No	0
Remarks	※Please indicate a any other special re		utions due to	illness, inju	ıry or disa	bility, necessa	ry supplie	es such as me	edicines, bal	by formula	, etc., and
Disclosure	Do you agree to t						•	→ Yes	/ No)	
Emergency cor	ntact Address :										
(Relative, etc	.) Name :					Pho	ne Num	ber :			
[Information	on destination a	after le	aving the	evacuati	on cent	er】					
۰ - ا ما ما م	₹					Db •					
Address						Phone N	10.				

[%]Fill out and submit this form at an evacuation center when a disaster strikes, and you will be registered as an evacuee and will be able to receive daily life support. If there are any changes to the information on the form, please notify the shelter operations personnel as soon as possible.

^{**}The information you provide will be shared with the disaster control headquarters and the shelter operations team to the minimum extent necessary.

Health Check Sheet

体調チェックシート (英語)

Evacuation Center:

Shelter staff will take your temperature, so please fill out ① through ⑤ and wait for your turn.

1)[Date Y \	YYY / MM / DD	② Name						
3 A	applicable sy	mptoms ※Please mark with a ch	eck☑						
		Cough, sneeze Pains in muscle or joint							
		Hard to breathe		☐ Dizziness, lightheadedness					
	F	Runny or stuffy nose		☐ Taste and smell disorder					
	Infla	mmation or sore throat		☐ Injury (If yes, please describe in ④)					
		Headache		☐ Chronic illness (If yes, please describe in ④)					
		Diarrhea			sitive with an infectious disease, incl. COVID-19 slease fill in the date of test and positive confirmation in (4)				
		Sense of fatigue			d for an infectious disease, incl. COVID-19, and t unknown (If yes, please fill in the date of test in 4)				
		Nausea, vomit			ated by the Public Health Center as having close contact with a COVID-19 patient				
	Pa	lpitations, chest pain			now the end date of the observation period, enter it in $igl(4)$, , , enter the date when the health center contacted you)				
400	Other sympto	oms and remarks							
(5) T	「emperature		* :	Shelter s	taff will fill in				

After the shelter operations staff review the sheet, please follow their instructions and move on.

Pre-packaged shelter set-up kit (in a plastic case)



Pre-packaged shelter set-up kit (sample contents)



Items	Quantity
Container box	1
Copy paper: One bundle of A4 size (500 sheets)	1
Copy paper: One bundle of A3 size (500 sheets)	1
Craft knife L-type	1
Whiteboard	1
Whiteboard marker	1
Duct tape	4
Sticky tack 'Hittsuki Mushi'	1
Plastic bags: One bundle (100 bags)	1
Pencils: One pack (dozen)	2
Colored markers: One set (8 colors)	1
Permanent markers: 4 blacks & 2 reds	Total 6
Disposable plastic gloves: One pack (100 pieces)	1
Garbage bags: 90 liters size	50
Non-adhesive 'Keep out' tape	1
Work gloves: One bundle (12 pieces)	1
PE flat rope: 1 red & 1 white	Total 2
Post-it super sticky: One pack (5 colors, 90 each)	1
Multi-functional radio (w/flash light, hand-crank & solar charging)	1
Masking tape	4
Surgical masks: One box (50 masks)	1
Magnesium air battery LED light	9
Wet wipes 'Epista Propre': One pack (30 sheets)	9

★ Infectious disease control items are also stockpiled along with evacuation shelter setup kits. There are surgical masks, disinfectants, non-contact thermometers, and face shields. Other supplies will be stocked due in course.

|--|

(受け取り職員印・サイン)	

Demand Questionnaire for Relief Supplies

	Evacuation Center:		Request	То:	
	Person in charge:		to	Attention:	Phone number:
Request	Phone number:	Fax number:			
from	Email address:		Note		
	Mobile Disaster Management Radio num	ber (if available):	Note		

💥 You may only fill-in "further subcategory" of the item if you are handwriting.

Rec	questing Supplies	o ,	,	Ü	
	Items			Amoun	Remarks
	Category	Subcategory	Further subcategory	Qty.	(Item details, number of people needing them, degree of urgency, desired delivery date, allegies, people requesting assistance, etc.)
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15					

SAMPLE

Date: 2024 / OO / OO

(受け取り職員印・サイン)

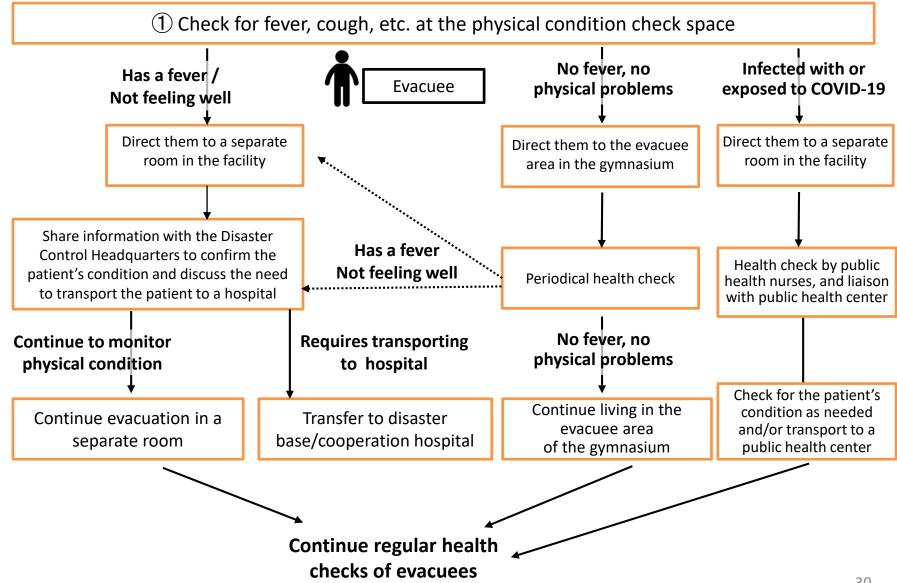
Demand Questionnaire for Relief Supplies

Request	Evacuation Center: Junior High School		Request	То:	o: Matsudo City Disaster Control HQ		
	Person in charge:		to	Attention:	00	Phone number: 047-366-7309	
request from	Phone number: Fax number: $047-368-\times\times\times\times$ $047-368-\times\times\times\times$	•					
IIOIII	Email address:		Note				
	Mobile Disaster Management Radio number (if available): MCA 000		Note				

※ You may only fill-in "further subcategory" of the item if you are handwriting.

	Requesting Supplies Items		Amount		Remarks			
	Category	Subcategory	Further subcategory		Unit	(Item details, number of people needing them, degree of urgency, desired delivery date, allegies, people requesting assistance, etc.)		
1			Pasteries	600	pieces	Please deliver by noon on Saturday, November 12		
2			Drinks	600	bottles	No food stockpile at this evacuation center		
3						The person in charge of the shelter operations will receive when the supplies arrive		
4								
5 6 7			saster Control Headqua received by the Mats					
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Flowchart of infectious disease control measures in shelter operations



Evacuation	Facility	Usage	Map	(Show	the sh	elter a	area)	